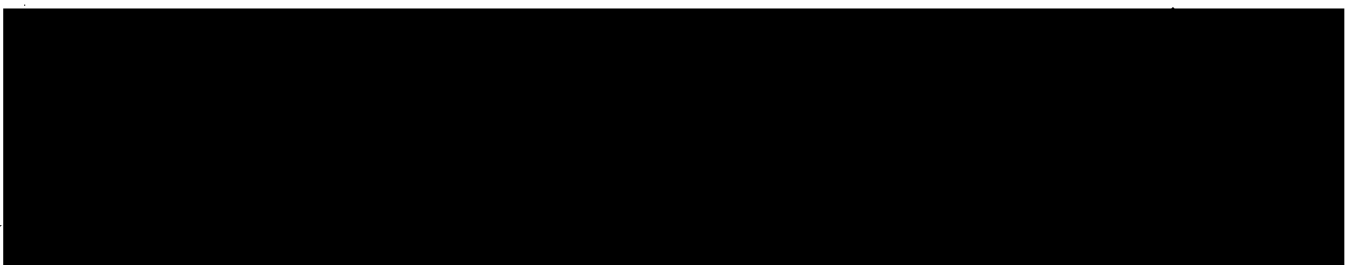


COUNTRY China
SUBJECT Military Information: Soviet Installations and Dispositions, Dairen-Port Arthur Area
ORIGIN As stated
DATE: INFO. As stated
DIST. 18 December 1946
PAGES 2
SUPPLEMENT
25X1X6



1. Soviet naval forces are stationed in Shuangtaowan (Bay) (121-07, 38-53), at Yenchang (? 121-18, 38-48 ?), below Huangchinshan (121-15 1/2, 38-44) and Laotiehshan (121-10, 38-44) near Port Arthur, and in every small harbor.
2. In the city of Port Arthur, the entire section known as Hsinshihchieh (新市街) is used to house Soviet troops. Only one-third of the section known as Chih-shihchieh (舊市街) is so used.
3. There are many Soviet troops at Shihho (121-50, 39-20), which is the extent of Soviet occupation north of Dairen.

For paragraphs 1 to 3:
Source: [Redacted]
Origin: [Redacted]
25X1C

9 September 1946

4. Soviet troops and equipment at Hsinshihchieh (New Street district of Port Arthur) are as follows: 200 men at Soviet Army Headquarters; 170 Special Service Corps; 6,000 infantry; 1,040 marines; 1,000 naval personnel; 12,000 artillerymen; 6,000 truck corps personnel; 2,000 provision (? quartermaster ?) corps personnel; 500 pilots; 500 cavalry personnel; 150 naval communications personnel. There are also 250 heavy guns, 150 anti-aircraft guns, 160 field artillery pieces, 80 search-lights, 2,250 trucks, 1,000 horses.

25X1A

4 September 1946

5. In the vicinity of Sanchienpu (Sanchienpao 121-15, 38-54) are the following: 50 provision soldiers, 600 artillerymen, and 160 infantry at Sanchienpu city Headquarters. They are equipped with 36 trucks (note: Source writes 10-wheel trucks, probably 6x6's); 54 cannon; 6 field artillery pieces; 11 search-lights; 53 telephone sets; 254 horses. There are 300 pilots and 300 infantry with 10 trucks at the Sanchienpu air field. There are 50 soldiers with 10 anti-aircraft guns stationed at Chuanchiatientzu (121-15, 38-56); 15 soldiers with 3 cannon at Tachakou (121-14, 38-56); 10 soldiers with 2 cannon at Shihhuiyaotun (121-14, 38-56); 15 Special Service troops at Tachengtzu (121-14, 38-56); 300 artillery men with 50 cannon at Lung Tou School (121-18, 38-52); 50 provision soldiers at Houtun (? Hounihotzutun 121-11, 38-54 ?). Soviets have a message station at the Peishankang section of Hanchiatun (121-27, 38-57). This was a former message station of the Japanese Navy. Numerous anti-aircraft batteries have been built on the hills in the vicinity of Peihai (121-10, 38-56) and Tachakou.

CONFIDENTIAL

25X1A

ADSO	X	A DEF.	X	FST	SPDF	VIO				
DADSO		FBK		FBV	SPDS	B DEP.				
EREG.		FBL		FBX	SPDT	CFCB				
CONTROL		FBM		FBZ S	SCO	CTRB				
PLANS	X	FBP								

21 September 1946

6. Soviet military establishments at Laohuwei Peninsula (121-15, 38-47), the entrance to Port Arthur, are as follows: There are nine hills on Laohuwei Peninsula heavily fortified by Soviets. Installations and dispositions are as follows: Anti-aircraft guns and 15 soldiers on Weishan, which is the hill to the extreme east of Laohuwei; 3 anti-aircraft guns, 2 heavy guns, and 50 men on Mahachoushan [? Mahoushan ?]; 10 heavy guns and 50 men on third hill; 3 heavy guns and 15 men on fourth hill; one radio station and four buildings with 50 men on the slopes of Chikuanshan [Chiakuanshan 121-14, 38-47 ?], the fifth hill; 15 heavy guns with 5 extra guns and about 200 men on the seventh hill (gun emplacements are of latest type); 5 heavy guns and 30 men on eighth hill; several heavy guns in place and 5 extra guns and 400 men on Houshan, the ninth hill. Very strong caves in seventh and eighth hills are in the process of completion. Also, several permanent battery emplacements are being built there by 1,000 engineers [troops]. There are 100 trucks and 100 horses at Tienchiatun [121-13, 38-47], southwest of Laohuwei. There are 4 anti-aircraft guns and 40 men at Takusu on Paiyu Mountain [121-15, 38-49], north of Port Arthur, across the bay from Laohuwei. There is a very large navy radio station and about 400 marines at Chengchiakouchao on the north slope of Laohuwei Peninsula about two and a half miles southwest of the point, and four warehouses with black tile roofs used for storing 600 cases of gasoline and other provisions. [redacted] Note: No details were given on the sixth hill.]

25X1A6a

17 September 1946

7. Soviet military establishments and dispositions in the vicinity of Hsiachiahotzu (121-29, 39-01) are as follows: about 40 heavy guns and 200 artillerymen on the hills north of the railroad station; about 1500 soldiers stationed at Soviet Headquarters in a Russian hotel south of the railway line; about 50 guns and 300 men at playgrounds south of the hotel; about 1,000 men at the former Japanese Paper Mill on the northwest section of the beach; about 1,500 men and 10 field artillery pieces at Beach Park southeast of the paper mill; about 40 tanks and 500 men south of the paper mill; about 1,000 artillerymen with several cannon and 70 trucks at Lichuan Nursery, which is east of the railway line; about 300 Japanese prisoners of war at a camp west of the railroad. (Tientsin Note: Map indicates a curve of the railroad toward the south just east of the village, which may serve to explain why source located positions south, east, and west of the railway line.)

For paragraphs 4 to 7:

Source: [redacted]

Origin: [redacted]

25X1C

21 September 1946

8. Forty Soviet officers and their families are stationed at Shuangtaikou (121-20, 38-58). South of a golf course which is about 300 meters north of the city, there are 30 Soviet provision and military warehouses. At the northeast corner of the golf course are 20 provision warehouses (there are always about 30 trucks parked 100 meters west of the warehouse to the south). Artillery units are set up in the center of the golf course with 20 heavy cannon and also 20 tents where 200 men are quartered. (In eight barracks at the northwest corner of the golf course are quartered 200 officers and men.)

Source: [redacted]

Origin: [redacted]

25X1C

28 August 1946

9. At Heishihchiao (黑石礁) in the Dairen area the Soviets have defenses on the seacoast. These include heavy guns and cannon. They have built a high tower on top of Heishihchiao Hill. The Soviets fire on any ship not Soviet. There are large signs saying that this is a Soviet Military District. No one, including Communists, is to go through this area. [redacted]

25X1X6

10 September 1946

10. The Soviets, with the help of Chinese Communists, began tunneling and blasting in the vicinity of Laotieshan (121-10, 38-44), primarily for the purpose of establishing anti-aircraft and field gun positions. The communication tunnels had been completed 30 August. The Soviets issued instructions to the Communists to safeguard the security of these positions in addition to forcing all the inhabitants in the area to move. [redacted]

25X1X6

SECRET